

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday August 11. to Thursday August 14. 1701.

Rome, July 23. N.S.

Cardinal *Grimani* has entred a Protest in the Pope's Chancery, against the Pope's granting any Benefices on the King of *Spain's* Nomination; And at the same time he delivered to the Officers of that Court several Copies of the Emperor's *Manifesto*, wherein are set forth his Pretensions to the *Spanish* Succession. The Cardinal *Fourbin* and the *Spanish* Ambassador on the other hand earnestly prels the Pope to grant the Investiture of the Kingdoms of *Naples* and *Sicily* to the King of *Spain*, but can obtain no Satisfactory Answer. The Pope held lately a Congregation of State, in which 'twas resolved to send a Cardinal with the Character of *Legate a Latere* to the Emperor, another to the Most Christian King, and a third to the King of *Spain*, to endeavour to perswade them to an Accommodation. The Imperial Ambassador had Audience this week of the Pope, and delivered to him a Letter from the Emperor, to excuse his Forces having entred into the Ecclesiastical Territories; and assuring him, that as they marched out of the same as soon as the necessity of the Occasion did permit, so he will continue on all Opportunities to express his Regard for the Pope and for his Subjects, and that his Troops shall always, as much as is possible, avoid putting them to any Inconvenience. They write from *Naples*, that the Affairs of that Kingdom were in great disorder; and that divers considerable Persons had openly declared for the Emperor, whose Party is so strong, that the Viceroy did not think it safe to go about to apprehend them.

Venice, July 29. The Senate have made choice of Signior *Francisco Grimani* to be General of their Forces in *Dalmatia*; and of Signior *Nicolo Delfino* to be their Ambassador at *Vienna*, in the room of Signior *Loredano*, who is recalled from that Employment. The Imperial Ambassador had Audience lately of the Senate, and assured them, that the Emperor his Master would fully satisfy the Subjects of this Republick, for any Damage they may have sustained by the march of the Imperial Forces through this Country; and Commissioners have been appointed on both sides to adjust this Matter. Letters from *Constantinople* of the 30th past say, an Ambassador from the Czar of *Muscovy* was arrived at *Andrinople* with a Retinue of about 100 Persons, and had Audience of the Grand Signior.

Turin, July 30. N. S. The Marriage Contract between the King of *Spain* and the Princess of *Savoy* was signed the 23d Instant. The Duke of *Savoy* went from hence the next day for the *Milanese*, to take upon him the Command of the *French* and *Spanish* Army, and arrived at *Milan* about 8 in the evening, where he lay that night, and went the next day to the *French* Camp. His Royal Highness has left the Administration of the Government to the Dutchess of *Savoy*; and the Command of the Garrison of this Place, and of all his other Forces in *Savoy* and *Piedmont*, to the Marquis de *Bagnasco*. The Marquis de *Castel Rodrigo*, Ambassador from *Spain*, has delivered a Present from the King his Master to the Princess of *Piedmont*, consisting of a Jewel and other things to the value of 50000 Crowns. The Ambassador went from hence the 27th to *Milan*, and will return hither in few days; And the young Princess will shortly go from hence, accompanied by the said Ambassador and other Persons of Quality, to *Nice*, where the Gallies of *Naples* are ordered to come, to attend her in her Voyage to *Barcelona*.

Warsaw, July 30. An Officer arrived here 2 days ago, being sent by Field-Marshal *Steynau*, who commanded the *Saxon* Forces in *Livonia*, to give the King an Account of their late Action with the *Swedes*; He says, that Count *Steynau* having received Advice on the 17th Instant, being then at *Kockenhausen*, that the King of *Sweden* arrived at *Riga* two days before; that his Army was come into the Neighbourhood of that Place; and that Preparations were making for their passing the *Duna*; he held a Council of War, in which 'twas resolved to oppose their Passage; Whereupon he went the same day to the Camp of 7 *Saxon* Regiments, who were posted not far from *Riga* on the other side of the River, leaving Orders with Major-General *Robell* to follow thither with the rest of the *Saxon* and *Muscovite* Forces which were intrenched near *Kockenhausen*, and with the Artillery; But the 19th, early in the morning, before General *Robell* could come up, the *Swedes* passed the *Duna*, having prepared several flat-bottomed Boats with Batteries, from which they pleyed the *Saxons* very warmly, which obliged them to retire, and to give the *Swedes* the opportunity to land. The *Saxons* soon after charged the *Swedes*, and the Action lasted above 3 hours, and concluded to the disadvantage of the *Saxons*, who were forced to give way and retire towards *Kockenhausen*. This